

## Exercise 1

### Task 1

Find a model for each of the following formulas of predicate logic, and structures in which the formulas evaluate to false.

- (a)  $\exists x \forall y (f(f(y)) = x)$
- (b)  $\exists x \exists y (P(x, y) \wedge \neg P(y, x))$
- (c)  $\forall x (f(g(f(x))) \neq g(f(g(x))))$
- (d)  $R(x) \wedge Q(y) \wedge \forall x (\neg R(x) \vee \neg Q(x))$

### Task 2

Let  $f$  denote a binary function symbol and let  $R$  be a unary predicate symbol. Consider the following structures:

- $\mathcal{A}_1 = (\mathbb{N}, I_{\mathcal{A}_1})$ , with  $f^{\mathcal{A}_1}(x, y) = x \cdot y$ ,  $R^{\mathcal{A}_1} = \{n \in \mathbb{N} \mid n \text{ is a prime}\}$
- $\mathcal{A}_2 = (\mathbb{R}, I_{\mathcal{A}_2})$ , with  $f^{\mathcal{A}_2}(x, y) = x - 2y$ ,  $R^{\mathcal{A}_2} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \leq 0\}$

Do the following formulas evaluate to true in these structures?

- (a)  $\forall x (R(x) \vee R(f(x, x)))$
- (b)  $\forall x \exists y R(f(x, y))$
- (c)  $\forall x \forall y (f(x, y) = f(y, x))$

### Task 3

Let  $L \subseteq \Sigma^*$  be a formal language over the alphabet  $\Sigma$ . Recapitulate the following definitions:

- (a) How is the complement of  $L$  defined?
- (b) When do we call a language  $L$  decidable, and how is the characteristic function  $\chi_L$  of  $L$  defined?
- (c) When do we call a language  $L$  recursively enumerable, and how is the semi-characteristic function  $\chi'_L$  of  $L$  defined?